

- # Don't trust anything

Real-world uses for WebAssembly

- **Disclaimer!**

- This talk is not security advice :)

Research and consider the tradeoffs for your own situation and risks.



Untrusted code

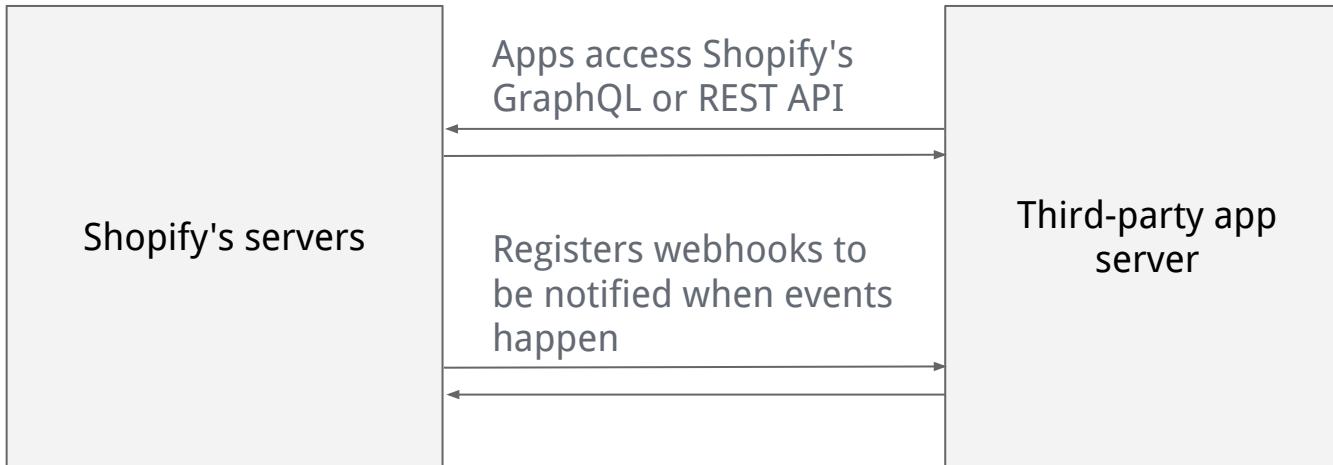


Code we *really* can't trust.

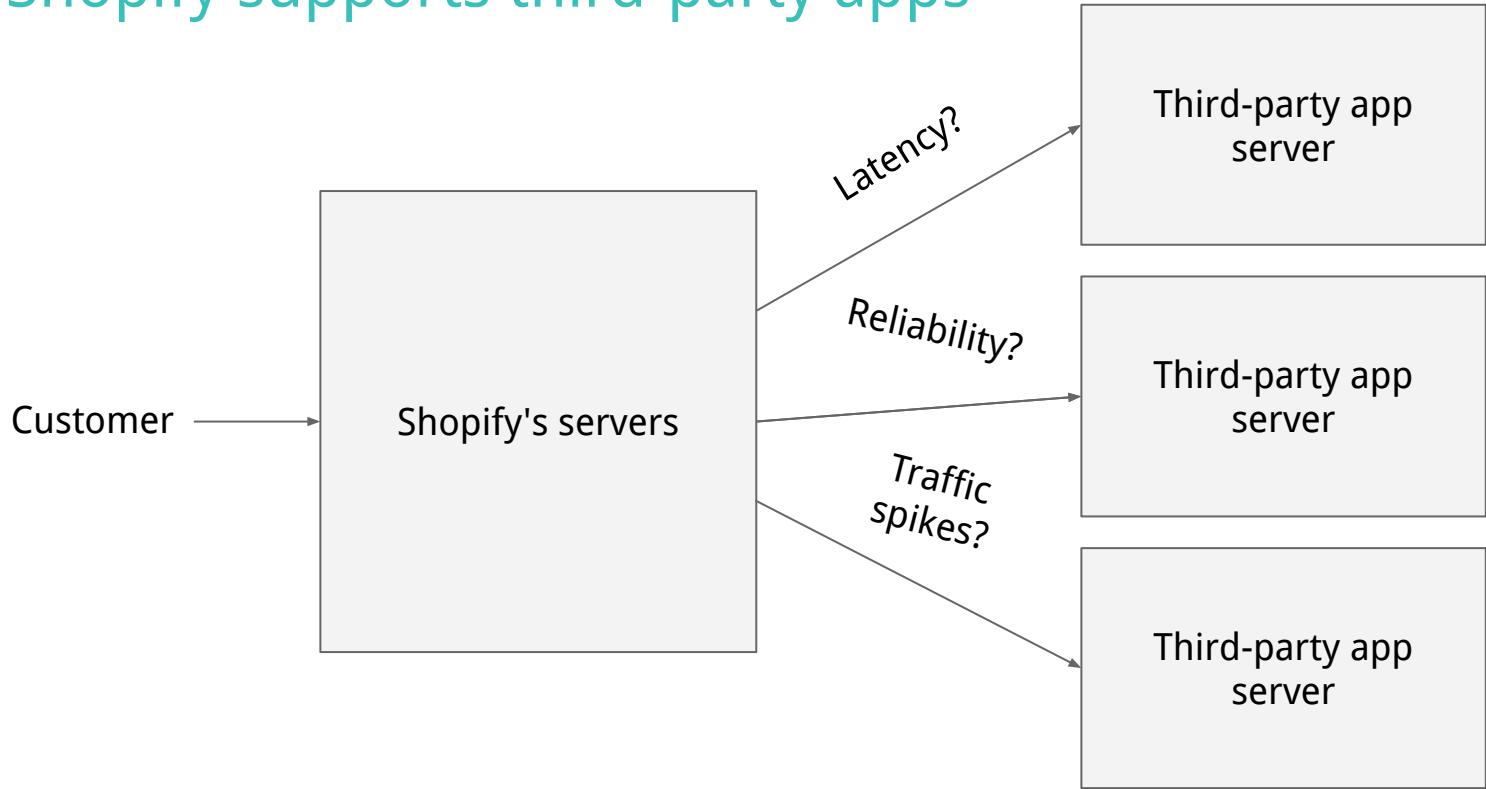
- Imagine you're working at Shopify

The screenshot shows the Shopify homepage with a dark background. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the Shopify logo, a search bar, and links for 'Solutions', 'Pricing', 'Resources', 'What's new', 'Log in', and a 'Start free trial' button. Below the navigation, a large white text area contains the slogan: 'The world's best online stores are built on  Shopify'. Underneath this, a smaller text block reads: 'With the highest-converting checkout and flexible options for every size of business, Shopify stores sell more products, lower your costs, and save you time.' At the bottom, there are three examples of Shopify stores: 'Funnypack' (a brown leather backpack), 'Glossier' (a skincare brand), and 'MAGIC SPOON' (a cereal brand). Each example shows a product image and a snippet of the store's website.

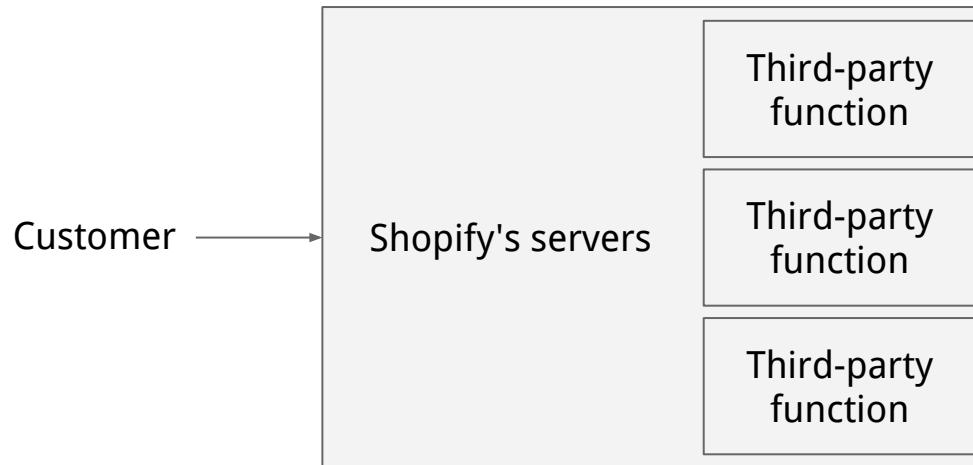
- Shopify supports third-party apps



- Shopify supports third-party apps



- Shopify decided to run third-party code themselves



- Spoiler! They used WebAssembly

Duncan Uszkay

How Shopify Uses WebAssembly Outside of the Browser

<https://shopify.engineering/shopify-webassembly> (2020)

Mitch Dickinson

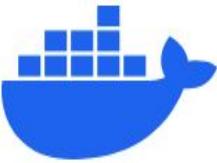
Making Commerce Extensible with WebAssembly

youtube.com/watch?v=h4bWS1Mmnaw (2020)

```
eval(untrusted_code);
```

```
eval(untrusted_code);
```







Firecracker (or other microVM managers)

- Developed for AWS Lambda & Fargate
- KVM-based MicroVMs (kernel isolation)
- See also: QEMU, Kata Containers etc.



Docker (or containers)

- Lots of settings to lock down process capabilities
- Shared kernel - can be vulnerable to kernel bugs
- Be extra careful with the Docker daemon itself as an attack vector



gVisor

- Isolation layer for containers
- Intercepts system calls and talks to the kernel itself - more isolation from kernel vulnerabilities
- Used by Google Cloud Run, Cloud Functions (1st generation only)

- Start time (cold start)

- Measured from launch to network stack initialised

- Kata Container (QEMU) ~1.4s
- Kata Container (Firecracker) ~ 1.3s
- Docker ~900ms
- gVisor (kvm) ~800ms
- gVisor (ptrace) ~800ms



V8 Isolates

- Built into V8 engine, used for isolating JS execution within a Chrome tab
- Used by CloudFlare to run many workers within a process - 5ms start time

<https://blog.cloudflare.com/cloud-computing-without-containers/>

<https://blog.cloudflare.com/mitigating-spectre-and-other-security-threats-the-cloudflare-workers-security-model/>



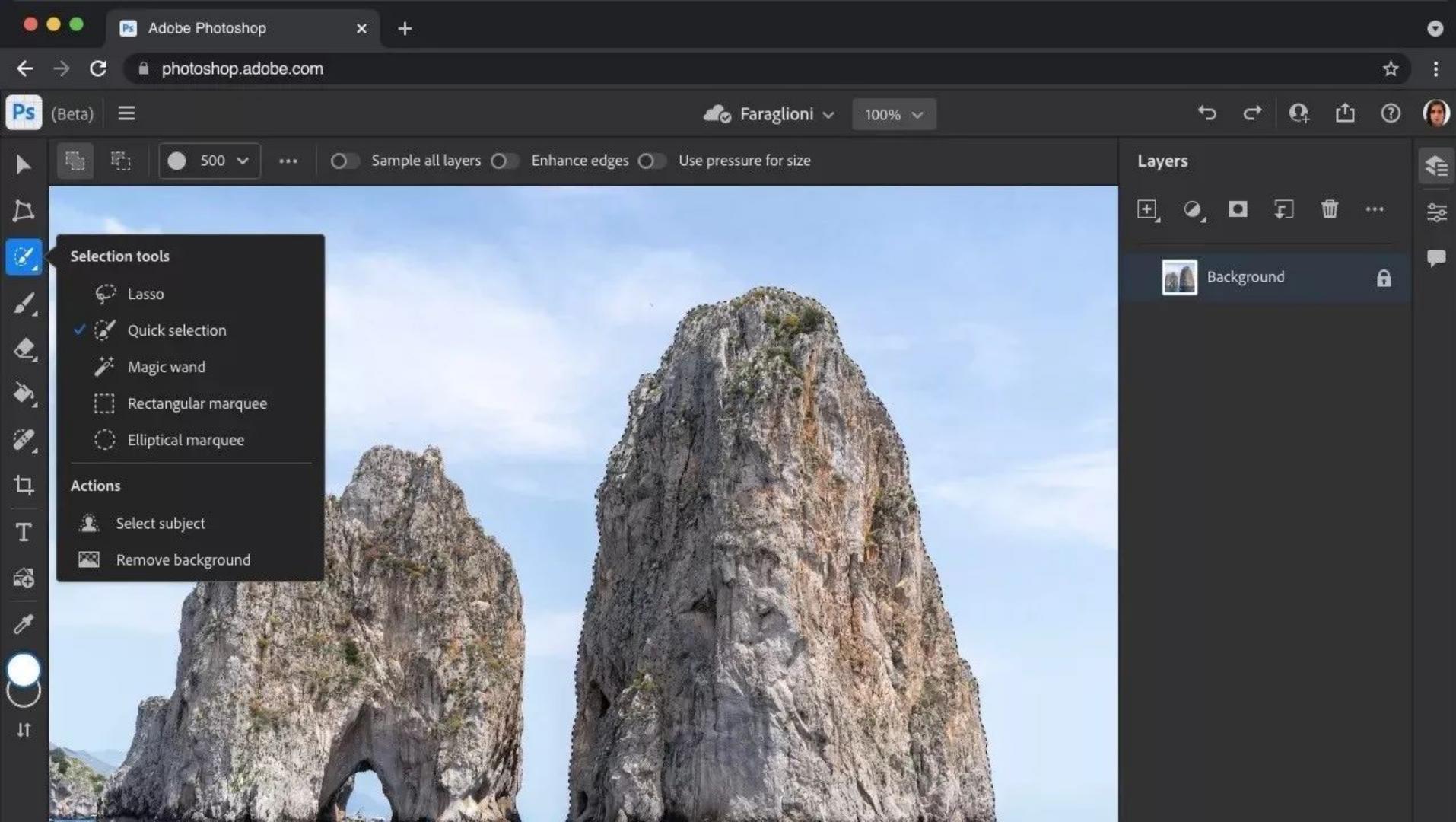
That's not a fair comparison!



WebAssembly



**WebAssembly was built for
browsers**



Ps (Beta)

Faraglioni

100%



Selection tools

- Lasso
- Quick selection
- Magic wand
- Rectangular marquee
- Elliptical marquee

Actions

- Select subject
- Remove background

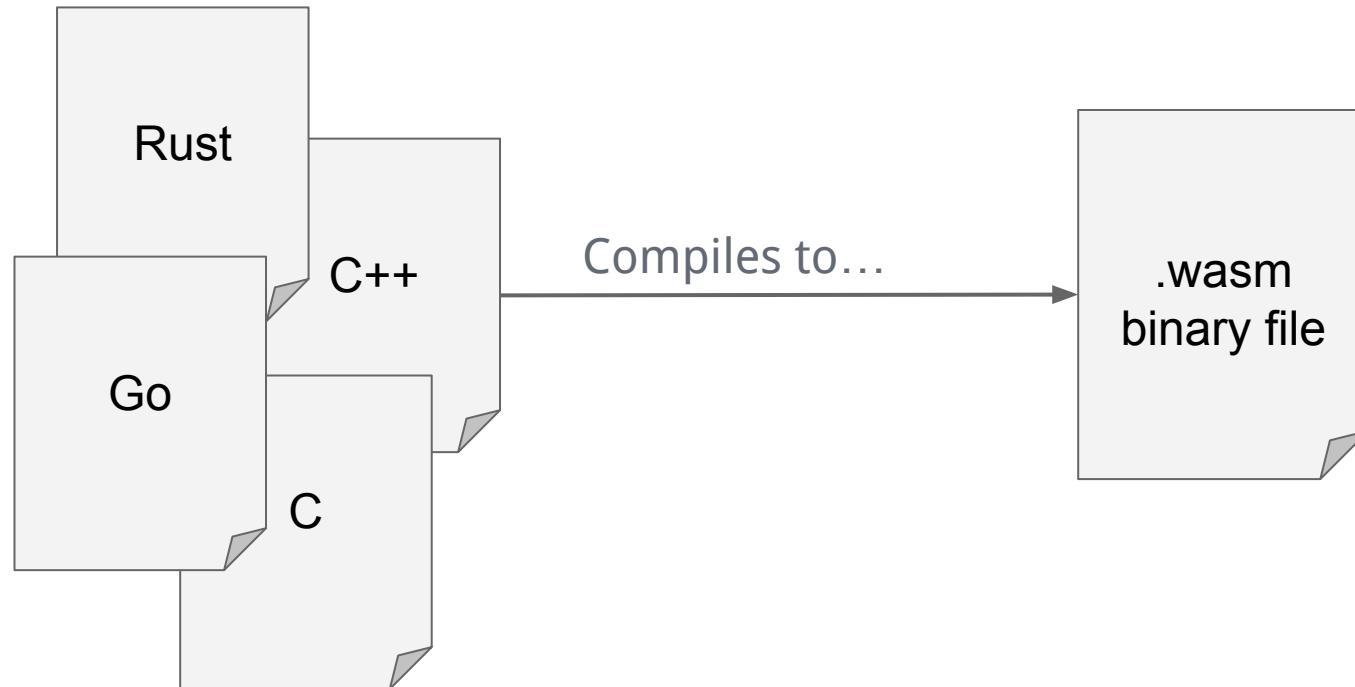
Layers



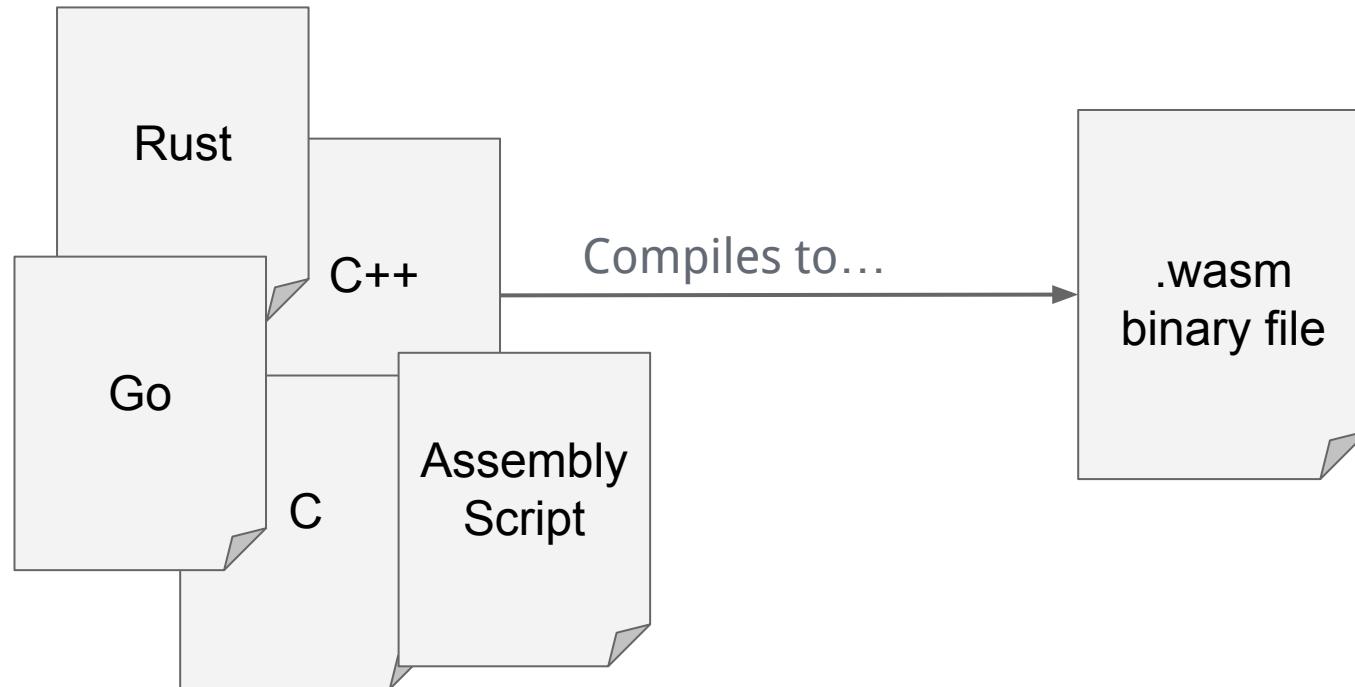
Background



- WebAssembly is a compile target



- WebAssembly is a compile target




```
// Add two numbers in AssemblyScript
export function add(a: i32, b: i32): i32 {
    return a + b;
}
```

Compiled to wasm:

```
(module
  (type $0 (func (param i32 i32) (result i32)))
  (memory $0 0)
  (export "add" (func $assembly/index/add))
  (export "memory" (memory $0))
  (func $assembly/index/add (param $0 i32) (param $1 i32) (result i32)
    local.get $0
    local.get $1
    i32.add
  )
)
```

```
// JavaScript this time!  
  
// Using a .wasm (binary) module.  
const module = await WebAssembly.compile(fs.readFileSync('add.wasm'));  
const { exports } = await WebAssembly.instantiate(module);  
  
console.log(exports.add(234, 23)) // 257
```

- ## WebAssembly

- Like a tiny simulated computer
 - with its own call stack and instructions
 - with its own byte-array of memory
 - with no external access unless explicitly provided

- What can't WebAssembly code do?

- 1. Access variables or memory outside its own
- 2. Anything really...
 - Read/write files
 - Use the network
 - Spawn processes
 - Interact with other processes
 - Generate random numbers
 - Get the current time
 - Interact with hardware devices
 - Create or listen to sockets
 - Send signals

- **What *can* WebAssembly code do?**

- 1. Calculate things.
 2. Call import functions (if provided).

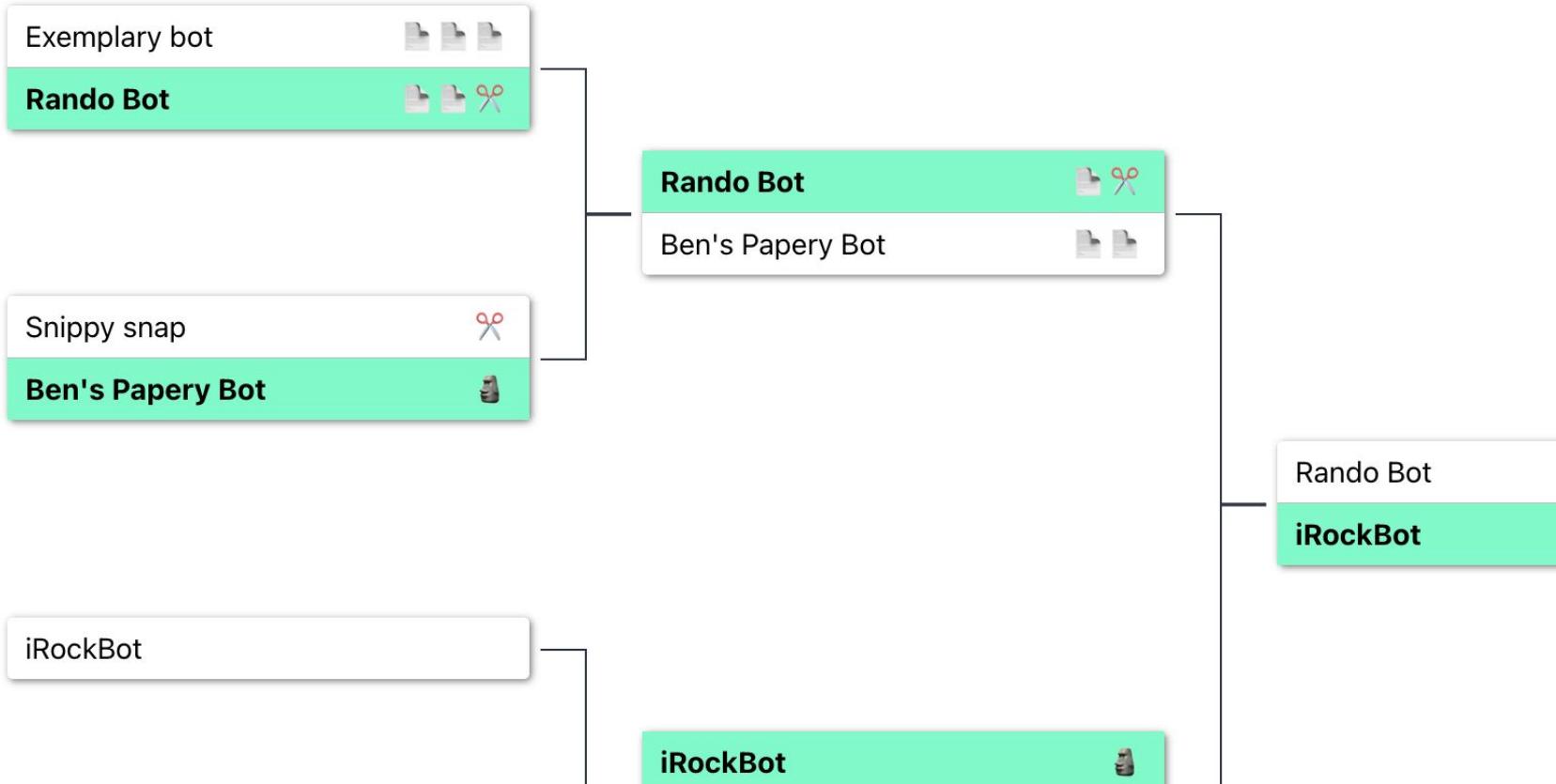


**Sandboxing without even using
a separate process!**



Sounds easy!
Let's try using it.

- Snippy: A Rock-Paper-Scissors bot tournament



```
// Rock-paper-scissors bot function (AssemblyScript).  
export function rockPaperScissors(): string {  
    return "rock";  
}
```

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export function rockPaperScissors(): string {  
    return "rock";  
}
```

Compiled to wasm:

```
(module  
(type $0 (func (result i32)))  
(memory $0 1)  
(data $0 (i32.const 1036) "\1c")  
(data $0.1 (i32.const 1048) "\02\00\00\00\08\00\00\00r\00o\00c\00k")  
(export "rockPaperScissors" (func $assembly/index/rockPaperScissors))  
(export "memory" (memory $0))  
(func $assembly/index/rockPaperScissors (result i32)  
    i32.const 1056  
)  
)
```

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// Rock-paper-scissors bot function (AssemblyScript).  
export function rockPaperScissors(): string {  
    return "rock";  
}
```

Compiled to wasm:

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```

- Challenges:

- 1. Getting data in/out is hard without generated wrapper code

- Challenges:

1. Getting data in/out is hard without generated wrapper code
2. Bots will need random numbers



WASI

WebAssembly System Interface

```
console.log("Hello world!")
console.log(Math.random().toString())
console.log("rock")
```

```
console.log("Hello world!")
console.log(Math.random().toString())
console.log("rock")
```

```
$ wasmtime build/release.wasm
```

```
Hello world!
```

```
0.4529448730449763
```

```
rock
```

```
console.log("Hello world!")
console.log(Math.random().toString())
console.log("rock")
```

Compiled to wasm with WASI (~4000 lines)

```
(module
  (type $0 (func (param i32)))
  (type $1 (func))
...snip...
  (type $11 (func (result i32)))
  (type $12 (func (param i32 i32 i32 i32)))
  (import "wasi_snapshot_preview1" "fd_write" (func $~lib/bindings/wasi_snapshot_preview1/fd_wri
  (import "wasi_snapshot_preview1" "proc_exit" (func $~lib/bindings/wasi_snapshot_preview1/proc_
  (import "wasi_snapshot_preview1" "random_get" (func $~lib/bindings/wasi_snapshot_preview1/rand
  (global $~argumentsLength (mut i32) (i32.const 0))
  (global $~lib/rt/tlsf/ROOT (mut i32) (i32.const 0))
  (global $~lib/math/random_seeded (mut i32) (i32.const 0))
  (global $~lib/math/random_state0_64 (mut i64) (i64.const 0))
  (global $~lib/math/random_state1_64 (mut i64) (i64.const 0))
```

```
console.log("Hello world!")
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  (global $~lib/rt/tlsf/ROOT (mut i32) (i32.const 0))
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  (global $~lib/math/random_state0_64 (mut i64) (i64.const 0))
  (global $~lib/math/random_state1_64 (mut i64) (i64.const 0))
```

- WASI spec (preview1)

- Provides API for:

- Commandline args
- Environment variables
- Clock time
- Get random
- Filesystem access
- Use (but not create) sockets



Wait...

**Wasn't the whole point that
wasm couldn't do those??**

- ## Goal of WASI

- "Define a set of portable, modular, runtime-independent, and WebAssembly-native APIs which can be used by WebAssembly code to interact with the outside world.

These APIs preserve the essential sandboxed nature of WebAssembly through a Capability-based API design."

<https://github.com/WebAssembly/WASI>

- WASI spec (preview1)

- Provides API for:

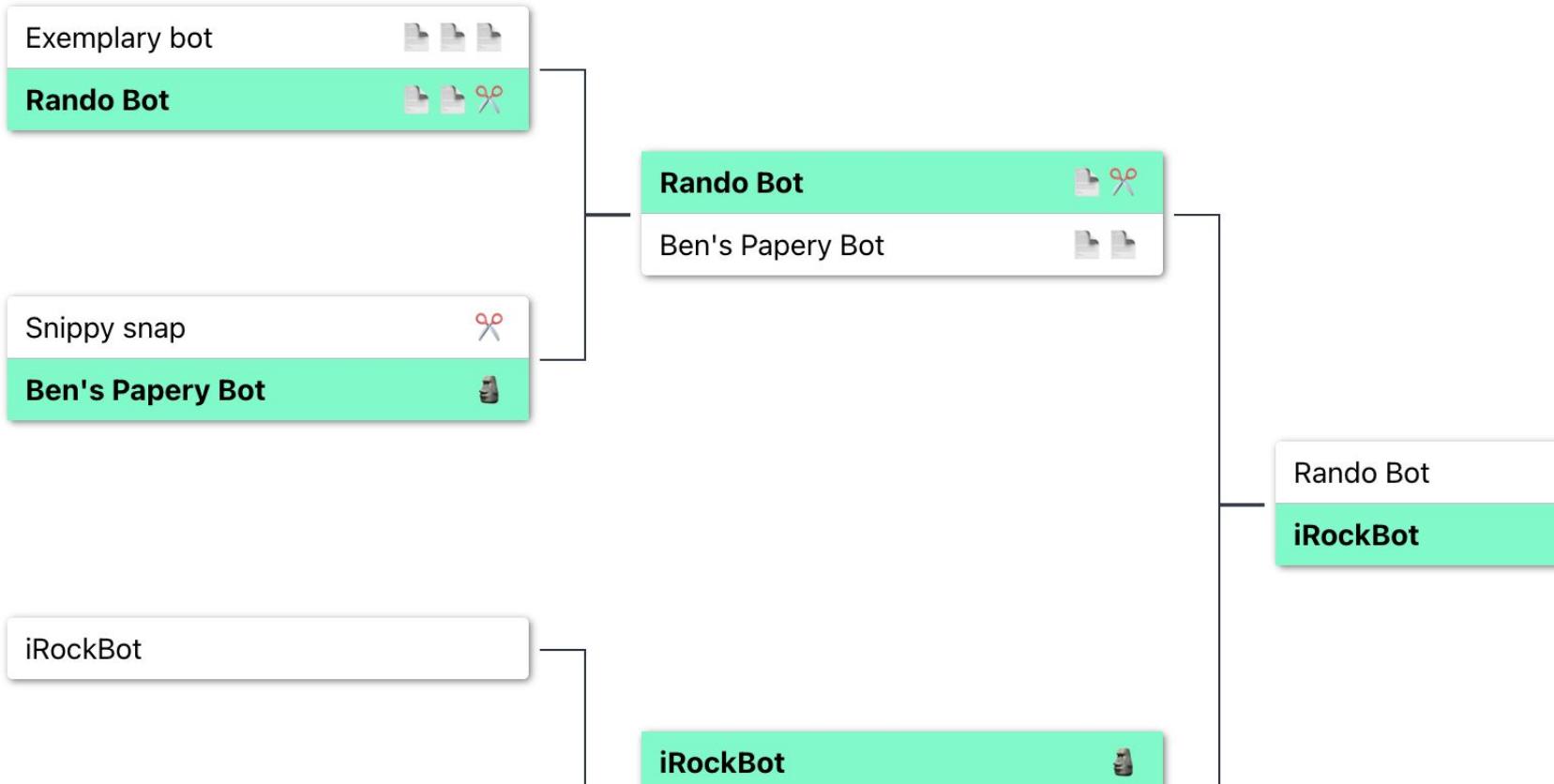
- Commandline args
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- Many languages can run under Wasm+WASI

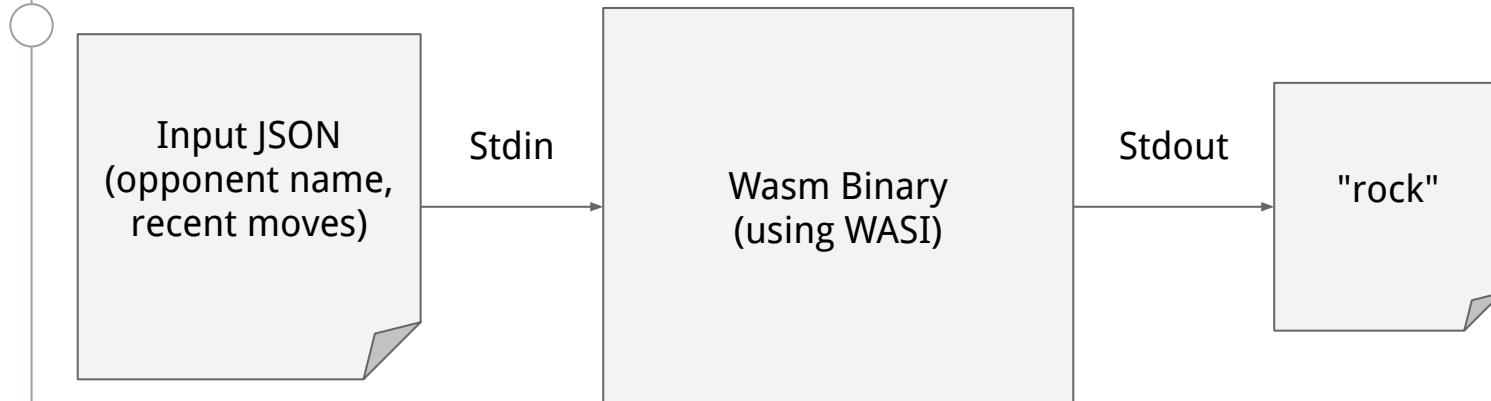
- C/C++
- Rust
- Go
- AssemblyScript
- Python
- Ruby
- PHP
- JavaScript (but not Node)
- C# *
- Java *

* WebAssembly support is good, WASI not as much.

- Snippy!



- Snippy!



Live Demo!



Audience Participation Live Demo!

katiebell.net/snippy



- Snippy uses the Rust Wasmtime API

- Uploaded modules are restricted:

- In-memory streams for stdin/stdout/stderr
- Limited "fuel" (number of instructions)
- Limited time
- Limited memory
- No filesystem access*

*Python bots are given read-only access to a temp directory

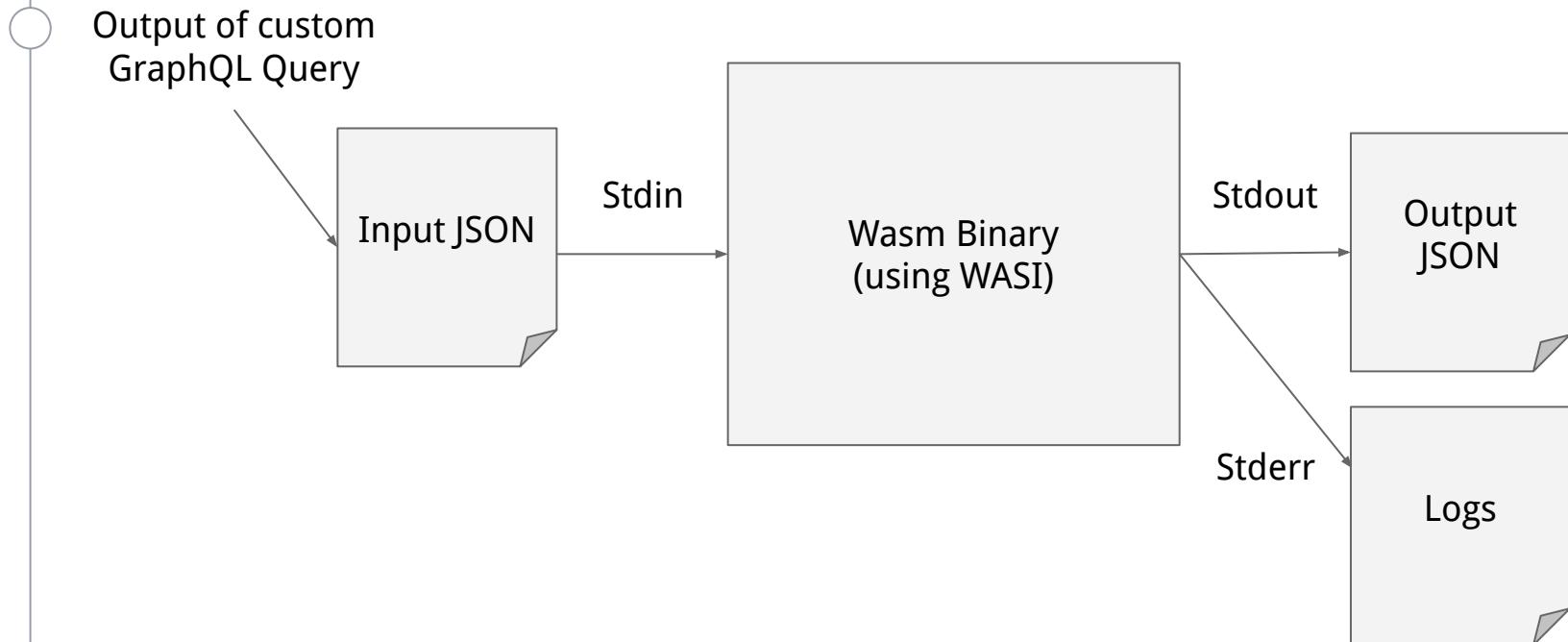


**How is WebAssembly used in
the real world?**



Case Study: Shopify Functions

- Case study: Shopify Functions



See: <https://shopify.dev/docs/apps/functions>



Case Study: Mozilla Firefox

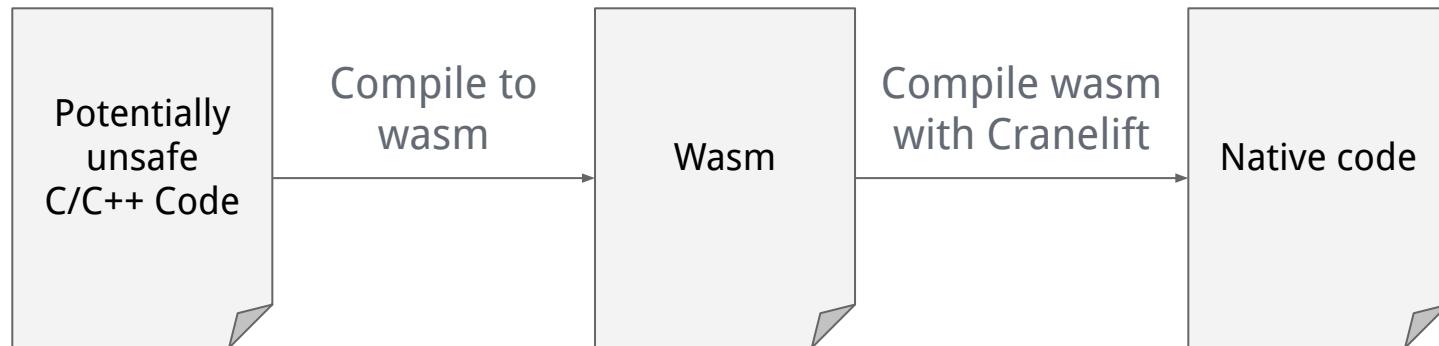
- Case study: Mozilla Firefox

- "Google, Microsoft, and Mozilla have each independently found that around 70% of security bugs in their browsers were memory safety bugs."

- Nathan Froyd (Mozilla Engineer)

<https://www.zdnet.com/article/chrome-70-of-all-security-bugs-are-memory-safety-issues/>

- Case study: Mozilla Firefox



<https://hacks.mozilla.org/2020/02/securing-firefox-with-webassembly/>



How secure are we talking?



**Not all Wasm/WASI
implementations are created
equal.**



Node.js v21.2.0 | ► [Table of contents](#) | ► [Index](#) | ► [Other versions](#) | ► [Options](#)

WebAssembly System Interface (WASI)

#

Stability: 1 - Experimental

The `node:wasi` module does not currently provide the comprehensive file system security properties provided by some WASI runtimes. Full support for secure file system sandboxing may or may not be implemented in future. In the mean time, do not rely on it to run untrusted code.

Source Code: [lib/wasi.js](#)

The WASI API provides an implementation of the [WebAssembly System Interface](#) specification.

WASI gives WebAssembly applications access to the underlying operating system via a collection

Wasmtime



- Wasmtime was built for sandboxing

- Built in Rust for memory safety
- Very limited use of unsafe blocks
- Audit and review of all dependencies
- Continuous fuzzing
- Spectre mitigations

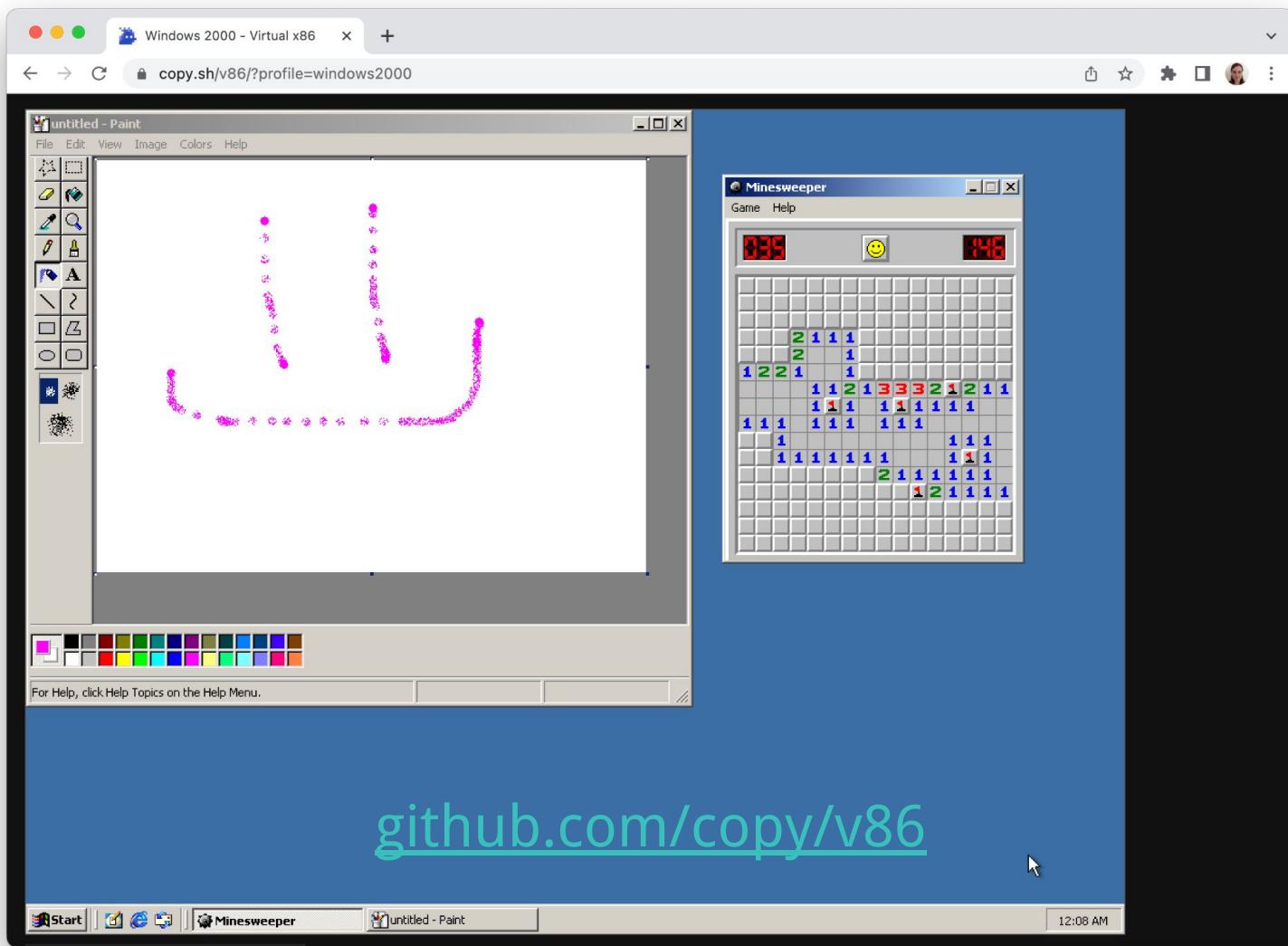
<https://bytecodealliance.org/articles/security-and-correctness-in-wasmtime>



Reminder: Security in depth



Where are we now?



- It's still early days!
 - WebAssembly is pretty solid.
 - WASI specification is still in "preview"
 - Wasmtime API developer experience is variable

- It's getting better!
- Tooling and language support is getting better
- WebAssembly Component Model will make function-call interfaces consistent
- Wasm & WASI containers (beta)
<https://docs.docker.com/desktop/wasm/>

With Wasmtime, we have achieved very fast instance instantiation times - typically within a few microseconds, not milliseconds.

“

Fastly is therefore able to provide a significantly faster code execution startup time than any other serverless solution, freeing developers to focus on application development.

- Fastly website



**When are you running
untrusted code?**



How are those bots doing?



Please hack Snippy :)

github.com/katharosada/wasm-snippy



Thanks!

You can find me at:

katiebell.net

aus.social@notsolonecoder